Address Resolution Protocol

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- Address resolution problem
- Address resolution techniques
- ARP protocol
- Proxy ARP, Reverse ARP, and Inverse ARP

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Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

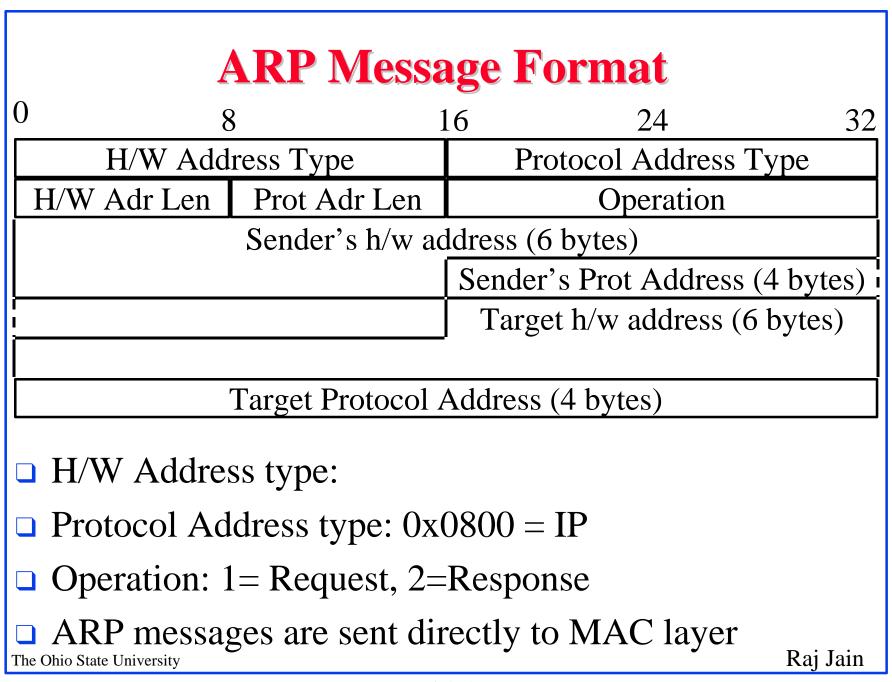


- □ Problem: Given an IP address find the MAC address
- Solution 1. Table Lookup:
 Searching or indexing to get MAC addresses

IP Address	MAC Address
197.15.3.1	0A:4B:00:00:07:08
197.15.3.2	0B:4B:00:00:07:00
197.15.3.3	0A:5B:00:01:01:03
197.15.3.4	04:06:07:08:09:10
197.15.3.5	06:07:09:08:03:01

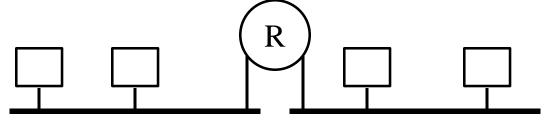
ARP (Cont)

- 2. Closed-Form Computation: Using local IEEE 802 addresses, e.g., Hardware Address
 - = (IP_address & 0xFF)!40:00:00:00:00
- □ 3. Message Exchange: ARP
 - □ The host broadcasts a request: "What is the MAC address of 127.123.115.08?"
 - □ The host whose IP address is 127.123.115.08 replies back: "The MAC address for 127.123.115.08 is 8A-5F-3C-23-45-56₁₆"
- □ All three methods are allowed in TCP/IP networks.



ARP Processing

- □ ARP responses are cached.
- Entry replaced when
 - □ Cache table fills up (oldest removed)
 - □ After some time, e.g., 20 minutes
- Sender's address binding is stored in the cache of the target
- □ Proxy ARP: A router may act as a proxy for many IP addresses

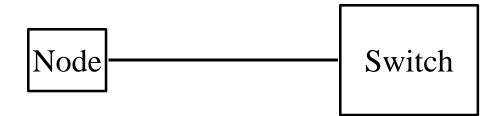


Reverse ARP (RARP)

- What is the IP address of a given hardware address?
- □ Used by diskless systems to find their own IP address.
- Need RARP server to respond.
- Ref: RFC 903 and Comer's "Internetworking with TCP/IP, Vol 1, 3rd Ed

Inverse ARP

- Used on point to point links
- □ Find IP address of the host on the other end
- Used in frame relay and ATM
- □ Ref: RFC 1293





- □ ARP allows converting IP address to MAC addresses
- Proxy ARP, RARP, Inverse ARP